your name(s)

Physics 841 Quiz #9 - Wednesday, April 5

The accelerator upgrade at Jefferson Laboratory will provide electron beams with energies of 12 GeV at currents near 100 $\mu A.$

- 1. What is the power of the beam? (in Watts)
- 2. If the beam passes through a dipole magnet with a 6T magnetic field for a distance of 75 cm, what is the power radiated into photons?
- 3. If the beam travels through a series of these magnets with oppositely oriented magnetic fields of this strength, and separated by 1.25 m, estimate the net path length required to reduce the beam energy by 99%.

Solutions:

a) Power of beam

$$P = 12 \text{ GeV} \cdot 100 \times 10^{-6} \text{ A}$$
$$= 1.2 \times 10^{6} \text{ W}$$

b) Power radiated in one magnet: First consider power radiated by one electron while in magnet:

$$P_{e} = \frac{2e^{2}\gamma^{4}}{3c}\dot{\beta}^{2}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{12 \times 10^{6}}{0.511} = 2.35 \times 10^{4},$$

$$m\frac{du_{y}}{d\tau} = eBu_{x} = eB\gamma c,$$

$$m\gamma \frac{dv_{y}}{dt/\gamma} = eB\gamma c,$$

$$\dot{\beta} = \frac{eB}{m\gamma}$$

$$\frac{eB}{m} = 1.055 \times 10^{12} \text{ s}^{-1},$$

$$P_{e} = \frac{2e^{2}\gamma^{2}}{3c} \left(\frac{eB}{m}\right)^{2}$$

$$\frac{eB}{m} = 1.055 \times 10^{12} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$\frac{2e^{2}}{3c} = 5.130 \times 10^{-37} \text{ J s}$$

$$P_{e} = 3.15 \times 10^{-4} \text{ W}.$$

Power of N electrons in magnet is

$$N = \frac{I}{e} \frac{L}{c} = 1.562 \times 10^6, \tag{1}$$

$$P = P_e N \tag{2}$$

$$= 492 \text{ W}.$$
 (3)

Solve for energy loss rate,

$$E = mc^2 \gamma, \tag{4}$$

$$\dot{\gamma} = -\frac{2e^2\gamma^2}{3mc^3} \left(\frac{eB}{m}\right)^2,\tag{5}$$

$$\dot{\gamma} = -A\gamma^2, \quad A = 6.977 \quad \mathrm{s}^{-1}.$$
 (6)

For $\gamma_f = 0.01 \gamma_i$,

$$At = \int_{t_i}^{t_f} d\gamma / \gamma^2,$$

$$t = \frac{99}{A\gamma_i}$$

$$= 6.04 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s.}$$

Now find net length, which is 2.0/0.75 * length,

$$L = \frac{2c}{0.75}t$$
$$= 483 \text{ km.}$$