## Physics 831 Quiz #9 - Wednesday, Nov. 27 OPEN BOOK, OPEN NOTES, CLOSED MOUTH In-class students: work in pairs for 55 minutes.

Take-home students: work individually for 80 minutes.

1. Assume the free energy for a complex field in ONE dimensions is given by:

$$F = \int dx \frac{1}{2} \left( A \left| \phi \right|^2 + \kappa \left| \partial_x \phi \right|^2 \right).$$

Define the correlation  $\Gamma$  as

$$\Gamma(x) \equiv \langle \phi^*(0)\phi(x) \rangle.$$

Fourier transforms in one dimensions are defined by:

$$\tilde{\phi}_k \equiv \frac{1}{\sqrt{L}} \int dx \ e^{ikx} \phi(x), \qquad \phi(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{L}} \sum_k e^{-ikx} \phi_k.$$

- (a) Calculate  $\Gamma(x)$ .
- (b) Derive the critical exponent  $\nu$ ? The correlation length  $\xi$  behaves as  $\xi \sim t^{-\nu}$  as  $t = (T - T_c)/T_c \rightarrow 0$ .

2. The grand canonical partition function for a system of charged particles,

$$Z = \mathrm{Tr}e^{-\beta H + \beta \mu Q}.$$

is given by:

$$\ln Z = A(T)\cosh(\mu/T).$$

In terms of  $\mu$ , T, A, and derivatives of A,

- (a) What is the average charge  $\langle Q \rangle$ ?
- (b) What is the fluctuation of the charge  $\langle Q^2 \langle Q \rangle^2 \rangle$ ?