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Exercise, Monday and Wednesday, Nov. 20,22, 2023


Consider the double pendulum pictured above, where both rods have negligible mass. Let $x_{1}, y_{1}$ and $x_{2}, y_{2}$ refer to the positions of the upper and lower mass respectively.

1. (5 pts) Write $\dot{x}_{1}$ and $\dot{y}_{1}$ in terms of $\theta_{1}$ and $\dot{\theta}_{1}$.
2. (5 pts) Write $\dot{x}_{2}$ and $\dot{y}_{2}$ in terms of $\theta_{1}, \theta_{2}, \dot{\theta}_{1}$ and $\dot{\theta}_{2}$.
3. ( 5 pts ) Write the total kinetic energy in terms of angles and their derivatives.
4. ( 5 pts ) Write the potential energy in terms of the angles.
5. (10 pts) Write the equations of motion.
6. (5 pts) Rewrite the equations of motion in the small-angle limit, using $\omega_{0} \equiv \sqrt{g / \ell}$.
7. ( 5 pts ) Assume the solutions to the equations above are of the form

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \theta_{1}=A e^{i \omega t}, \\
& \theta_{2}=B e^{i \omega t} .
\end{aligned}
$$

Use the equations of motion (in the small-angle limit) to write corresponding equations in terms of $\omega$.
8. (5 pts) Solve for $\omega$. There should be two solutions to the quadratic equation, $\omega_{+}$and $\omega_{-}$.
9. (5 pts) For each value of $\omega$, solve for $A$ and $B$, i.e. find $A_{+}, B_{+}$and $A_{-}, B_{-}$.

## - Last two parts represent material not on final exam -

10. (5 pts) Express the equations of motion in (7) in matrix form,

$$
M \omega^{2}\binom{a}{b}=K\binom{a}{b}
$$

I.e., what are the matrices $M$ and $K$ ?
11. (5 pts) Using the provided python template (one of the templates from the course page) as a starting point, find the two eigenvalues, $\lambda_{1}$ and $\lambda_{2}$, such that

$$
\left(\frac{1}{\omega_{0}^{2}} M^{-1} K\right)\binom{a_{i}}{b_{i}}=\lambda_{i}\binom{a_{i}}{b_{i}} .
$$

Here, the eigenvalues, $\lambda_{i}$, are related to the frequencies by $\omega_{i}^{2}=\lambda_{i} \omega_{0}^{2}$. The eigenvectors are

$$
\binom{a_{i}}{b_{i}}
$$

The eigenvectors calculated in your python script are normalized such that $a_{i}^{2}+b_{i}^{2}=1$. Show that the eigenvalues and eigenvectors correspond to your answers in (8) and (9).

Solutions can be found as example in Chapter 6.

