

Pairing with number conservation:

S. Krewald et al, nucl-th/0412018

- Based on extended density matrix (EDM)
- EDM from doubling degrees of freedom
 - $R^2 = R$
 - usual HFB EDM for quasi-particle ground state
 - new κ pairing field differs from HFB pairing field for correlated ground states with fixed N.
- Formulate Kohn-Sham for EDM
 - nonlocal
 - particle number conserving

Pairing within DFT

Exact approach for Richardson model (constant pairing):

$$H = \sum_{j=1}^{\Omega} \sum_{s=\downarrow,\uparrow} \varepsilon_j \hat{a}_{js}^\dagger \hat{a}_{js} - g \sum_{i,j=1}^{\Omega} \hat{a}_{i\downarrow}^\dagger \hat{a}_{i\uparrow}^\dagger \hat{a}_{j\uparrow} \hat{a}_{j\downarrow}$$

Density functional is the Legendre transform:

$$F(\{n_k\}) = E - \sum_{k=1}^{\Omega} n_k \varepsilon_k \quad n_k \equiv \frac{\partial E}{\partial \varepsilon_k}$$

Relation between occupation numbers and the density:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\delta F(\{n_k\})}{\delta \phi_\alpha^*(x)} &= \sum_k \frac{\partial F}{\partial n_k} \frac{\delta n_k}{\delta \phi_\alpha^*(x)} \\ &= n_\alpha \sum_k \frac{\partial F}{\partial n_k} \langle k|\alpha\rangle u_k(x) \end{aligned}$$

KS occupation number (0 or 2)

$$\langle \alpha|k\rangle = \int d^3x \phi_\alpha^*(x) u_k(x)$$

KS orbital

Orbital of pairing Hamiltonian

Exact density functionals in two limits (nucl-th/0609084)

BCS limit (large number of pairs):

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_{BCS} &\equiv E_{BCS} - \sum_{j=1}^{\Omega} \varepsilon_j n_j \\
 &= -\frac{\Delta^2}{g} \\
 &= -\frac{g}{4} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{\Omega} \sqrt{n_j(2-n_j)} \right)^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Sources of nonlocalities:

1. Square of local functional
2. Relation between density and occupation numbers

Strong-coupling limit:

$$\begin{aligned}
 E(\{\varepsilon_j\}) &= E^{(1)} + 2N\bar{\varepsilon} + g \sum_{j \geq 2} \sum_{\lambda} \frac{c_{\lambda}}{g^{\lambda}} \prod_{i=1}^{\lambda} \overline{(\varepsilon - \bar{\varepsilon})^{\lambda_i}} \\
 \bar{\varepsilon} &\equiv \frac{1}{\Omega} \sum_{k=1}^{\Omega} \varepsilon_k
 \end{aligned}$$

Expansion in central moments of single-particle energies

$$F(\{n_j\}) = E^{(1)} + g \sum_{j \geq 2} \sum_{\lambda} d_{\lambda} \Omega^{\lambda} \prod_{i=1}^{\lambda} \overline{(n - \bar{n})^{\lambda_i}}$$

Expansion in central moments of occupation numbers