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*PHY 321 Exercise 6: Earth's Orbit*

Consider Earth as a point particle with mass,  $m = 5.972 \times 10^{24}$  kg, in orbit around the sun, with mass  $M = 1.998 \times 10^{30}$  kg. The potential energy is

$$V = -\frac{GMm}{r},$$

where  $G = 6.674 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3\text{kg}^{-1}\text{s}^{-2}$ .

1. (5pts) Show that the units for  $G$  are consistent with the equation above if the masses are in kg, the radius is in m and the potential is in joules.
2. Write the equations of motion for  $x$  and  $y$ , i.e.

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} &= \dots \\ \frac{d^2y}{dt^2} &= \dots\end{aligned}$$

in terms of  $x$ ,  $y$  and  $GM$ .

3. (5 pts) The radius of Earth's orbit is  $1.496 \times 10^{11}$  m. If Earth's orbit is a circle, what is its speed,  $v_0$ ?
4. (5 pts) The constant  $GM = 1.333 \times 10^{20} \text{ m}^3\text{s}^{-2}$  using the values above. What is  $GM$  in units of  $\text{AU}^3\text{years}^{-2}$ ? The symbol AU stands for a unit of length where the radius of Earth's orbit is 1.0 (known as astronomical units). What is  $v_0$  in these units?
5. (5 pts) Write a program that calculates  $x, y, v_x$  and  $v_y$  as a function of  $t$ . Set the initial conditions as  $x = R_0, y = 0, v_x = 0, v_y = v_0$ , where  $R_0$  is the radius of Earth's orbit and  $v_0$  is the velocity of Earth's orbit. Use units of AU for distance and years for time.
6. (5 pts) Plot the trajectory,  $y$  vs.  $x$  in units of AU over a time period of 3 years.
7. (5 pts) Plot the trajectory again, but with  $v_0$  set to half the value of Earth's orbit velocity.
8. (5 pts) Plot the kinetic energy, potential energy and total energy as a function of time for the last problem. Divide all the energies by  $m$ , i.e. plot  $E/m$ . Use units of  $\text{AU}^2/\text{years}^2$ .